

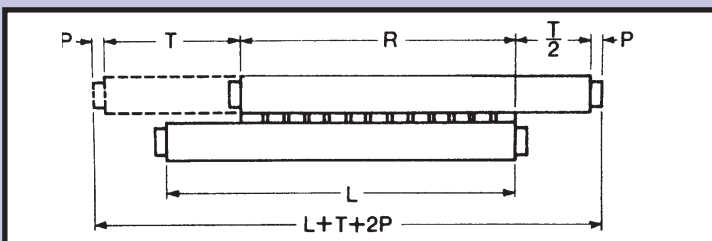
Crossed Roller Advantages

1. Very sensitive movement (friction co-efficient of 0,003)
2. Lack of start-up 'stiction'
3. Minimum wear
4. High load capacity
5. Maximised Precision
6. Most Models Ex-stock

R type linear bearings can utilise either crossed roller or balls as rolling elements. The two will differ substantially in load ratings. The ratio is approximately 10 to 1 in favour of rollers, depending upon the dimension under consideration. Balls are more advantageous in the case of presence of impurities, dust etc. and or misalignment as it happens when the structure, which rails are secured, is not sturdy enough to support them.

The rails are made of special alloy steel and through-hardened to a hardness value of 60±2HRC. The precision relative to the parallelism between the race ways and the reference surface are dependent upon the quality selected (10 micron/1700 mm. for the 'standard' quality, 5 micron/1700 m.m. for the 'selected' quality). It is important to state that all the elements are individually checked during all manufacturing phases before the final inspection. Also, a non-destructive check is performed to assure the absence of internal cracks which may have been generated during heat treatment. Such micro-cracks could drastically affect both the precision and the life of the rails.

There is a full range of standard cross-roller tables with lengths ranging from 25-1010 mm. and widths of 29.6 to 145 mm; with load ratings from 25kg. to 2900kg. The tables are made of cast iron (G25), naturally aged. Also available a range of Aluminium tables, their light mass makes it possible to reduce inertial forces. Cast iron slides can be nickel plated and the aluminium tables provided anodised.



The formula below provides the basic parameter on which to make a rail length selection. Based upon the rail length selected the remaining calculations provide a determination as to the maximum weight capable of being handled. Assume Travel (T) is 127mm and Max. Load is 180 kg.

1. Calculation of Rail Length (L)

Rail Length (L) is to be in range 1.5 to 2.0 that of travel length

$$L = T \times 1.5 \text{ to } T \times 2.0$$

$$127 \times 1.5 = 190.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$127 \times 2.0 = 254 \text{ mm}$$

Initially selected standard rail size R3225 from stocklisting rail length is 225 mm.

2. Calculation of Crossed Roller Retainer Length (R)

Retainer Length (R) = Rail Length (L). Minus one-half of Total Travel.

$$R = L - \frac{T}{2}$$

$$R = 225 - \frac{127}{2}$$

$$R = 161.5 \text{ mm}$$

3. Calculation of Number of Rollers (N₀) For each Roller Retainer

Retainer Length (R) divided by pitch of roller spacings

$$N_0 = \frac{R}{\text{Pitch}}$$

$$N_0 = \frac{161.5}{5} = 32 \text{ Rollers}$$

4. Calculation of Number of Load Carrying (Y)

Due to cross roller design only everyother roller takes the load

$$Y = 2 \text{ Roller Retainers} \times \frac{N_0}{2}$$

$$Y = 2 \times \frac{32}{2}$$

$$Y = 32 \text{ Load Carrying Rollers}$$

5. Total Load Capacity (W)

Number of load carrying Rollers (Y) x Load carrying capacity of one roller (C)

Load carrying capacity for one roller

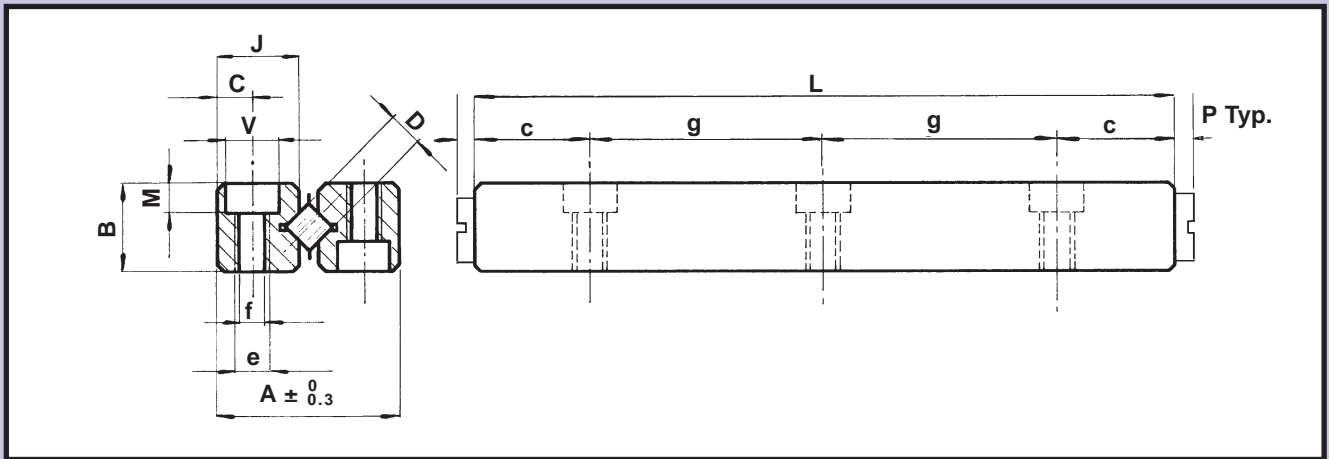
Diameter	Load (Kg)
1	4
2	6
3	10
6	40
9	100
12	175
15	315
18	550

$$W = Y \times C$$

$$W = 32 \times 10$$

$$W = 320 \text{ Kg}$$

In this example the weight carrying capacity of the cross roller rail set R-3225 exceeded the requirements of the application



Designation	Rail Type	Rail Weight (gr)	L	g	c	D	A	B	J	C	e	f	V	M	P
R6	R6-100	145	100	1x50											
	R6-150	220	150	2x50											
	R6-200	295	200	3x50											
	R6-250	370	250	4x50											
	R6-300	445	300	5x50											
	R6-350	520	350	6x50	25	6	31	15	13.9	6	M6	5.2	9.5	5.2	3
	R6-400	595	400	7x50											
	R6-450	670	450	8x50											
	R6-500	745	500	9x50											
	R6-550	815	550	10x50											
R6-600	885	600	11x50												
R9	R9-200	630	200	1x100											
	R9-300	945	300	2x100											
	R9-400	1260	400	3x100											
	R9-500	1575	500	4x100											
	R9-600	1890	600	5x100											
	R9-700	2205	700	6x100	50	9	44	22	19.7	9	M8	6.8	10.5	6.2	3
	R9-800	2520	800	7x100											
	R9-900	2835	900	8x100											
	R9-1000	3150	1000	9x100											
	R9-1100	3465	1100	11x100											
R9-1200	3780	1200	13x100												
R12	R12-200	1040	200	1x100											
	R12-300	1565	300	2x100											
	R12-400	2090	400	3x100											
	R12-500	2615	500	4x100											
	R12-600	3140	600	5x100											
	R12-700	3665	700	6x100	50	12	58	28	25.9	12	M10	8.5	13.5	8.2	3
	R12-800	4190	800	7x100											
	R12-900	4715	900	8x100											
	R12-1000	5240	1000	9x100											
	R12-1100	5765	1100	10x100											
R12-1200	6290	1200	11x100												



**Crossed Roller Rail Sets
and Slide Tables-
Phone for your
Quote NOW**

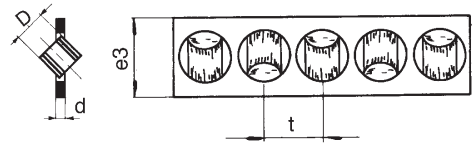


★All sets available in St. steel add —SS to basic part number

Cages

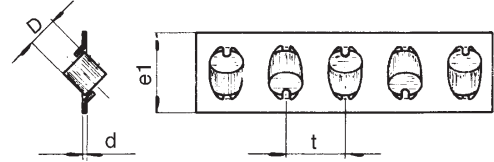
Type CC

Non captive crossroller cage for horizontal and vertical Applications fo rails R1-R2; only standard pitch; cage material: Brass.



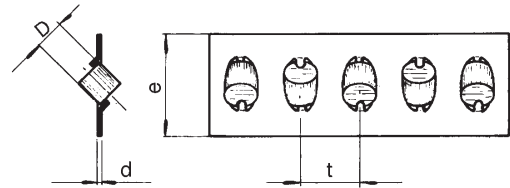
Type AA

Cross roller cage for horizontal application. Sizes 3-12; only standard pitch; captive rollers; cage material: Steel.



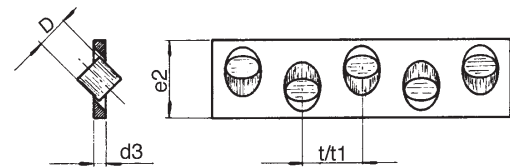
Type BB

Cross roller cage for horizontal and vertical applications with rails of different length with low speed. sizes 3-12; only standard pitch; captive rollers; cage material: Steel.



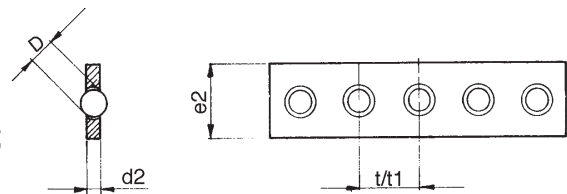
Type DD

Cross roller cage for horizontal and vertical applications with high acceleration. Size 3 (only standard pitch) 12 (only reduced pitch); non-captive rollers; cage material: 6-9 (standard and reduced pitch) Brass.



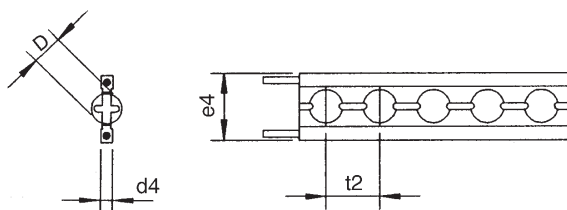
Type JJ

Non-captive ball cages for R1-R3 rails for horizontal and vertical applications; only standard pitch; cage material Brass. Captive ball cage for R9 only, t1 pitch; cage material: Brass.



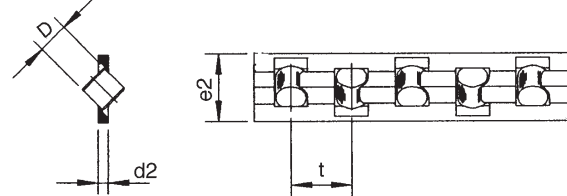
Type PS

Captive ball cages for R1-R12 rails for horizontal and vertical applications; only t2 pitch; cage material: Polyamide. PS6-PS12 reinforced with Steel.



Type PR

Captive cross roller cages for R1-R3 rails for horizontal and vertical applications; only t pitch; cage material: Polymide.



Type	D	t	t1	t2	d	d2	d3	d4	f*	e	e1	e2	e3	e4	G*	Dynamic Load (kg.)		Static load (kg.)	
																P/roller	P/ball	P/roller	P/Ball
R1	1.5	3.0	-	2.2	0.5	0.5	-	0.45	-	-	-	3.8	3.5	3.5	-	4.0	0.5	5.2	0.6
R2	2.0	4.0	-	4.0	0.8	0.8	-	0.75	-	-	-	5.5	5.5	5.0	-	6.0	1.6	7.5	2.1
R3	3.0	5.0	-	4.2	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	12.0	7.5	7.0	-	7.0	13.0	10.0	2.2	13.0	3.1
R6	6.0	12.0	9.0	9.0	0.8	2.7	2.7	2.5	1.5	20.0	14.0	15.0	-	14.0	21.0	40.0	6.0	52.0	7.8
R9	9.0	18.0	14.0	14.0	1.0	4.0	3.0	3.5	2.0	30.0	19.5	20.0	-	20.0	32.0	100.0	10.0	130.0	13.0
R12	12.0	22.0	18.0	15.5	1.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.5	35.0	25.0	25.0	-	20.0	37.0	175.0	15.0	227.0	19.0