



 Metalsint





Spekané kovové filtre

Gesinterte Metallfilter
Sintered Metal Filters



Tvarové výlisky

Formpressteile
Structural Components



Samomazné pórovité ložiska

Selbstschmierende poröse Lager
Selflubricating Bearings

Company profile

Metalsint, joint stock company is a manufacturer of Powder Metallurgy components. It was established as an independent company in 1994 when the former state firm originally called ZVL Dolny Kubin was divided into some companies and an industrial area was built up where several home and foreign companies have their headquarters. Metalsint followed on 50-years experience in the field of powder metallurgy technology.

Production activities include following ranges:

- production of self-lubricating bearings
- production of structural components made from metal powders
- production of sintered metal filters

Metalsint exports about 80 – 85 %, automotive applications account for 30 % of the output. Production is currently at the rate of 500 tonnes per annum and is materialized on production space of 4 500 m².

About 80 % of the press tools are made in-house, the rest is bought from home and foreign leasing manufacturers of precision tools.

The company meets the International Quality Assurance Standards of ISO 9001 and VDA 6.1 and puts great emphasis on consulting activity in the product development stage and on performing inspection on both in-process work and service activity in the stage of product usage. The organisational chart of Metalsint is made in accordance with the requirements of these Standards.

Our reference list shows Metalsint's success in delivering to many well-known customers. Considerable capital investment was made to improve both manufacturing and quality assurance process. Metalsint has started to deliver pre-assembling units packed according to the environmental policy to meet EU requirements.

Materials used for PM components production meet international standards ISO, DIN, MPIF and ANFOR. Metalsint offers except for stainless steels and forged materials all material variations based on the alloyed iron powders (C, Cu, Ni, Mo, P, Cr) from which are manufactured and delivered structural components designated for following applications:

• soft magnetic materials	• elements of industrial gear-boxes
• elements of transporters	• pawls
• elements of locking mechanisms	• ratchet wheels
• elements of gear boxes	• elements of bicycles
• elements of engines	• hobby tools elements
• elements of axles	• elements of sewing machines
• elements of exhaust systems	• silencers
• elements of steering systems	• sound dampers
• elements of brake systems	• elements of office machines
• elements of electric appliances	• elements of textile machines

Reference list

Referenzliste

Referenčný list

<i>Customer Kunde Zákazník</i>	<i>Seat Ort Sídlo</i>	<i>Country Land Krajina</i>
ŠKODA AUTO, a. s.	Mladá Boleslav	CZ
ČZ STRAKONICE AUTO, a. s.	Strakonice	CZ
ETA HLINSKO, a. s.	Hlinsko	CZ
MOTOCO, a. s.	České Budějovice	CZ
FAB RYCHNOV, a. s.	Rychnov nad Kněžnou	CZ
GARDENA, s. r. o.	Třinec	CZ
PRINS METALLURGISCHE PRODUCTEN BV	Amersfoort	NL
RIDDER AANDRIJFSYSTEM BV	Harderwijk	NL
INDUMES, BV	St. Michielsgestel	NL
FAIREY ARLON, BV	Arnhem	NL
BIOROCK INTERNATIONAL BV	Onnen	NL
VOLKSWAGEN AG	Chemnitz	D
DÜRKOPP ADLER AG	Bielefeld	D
BENTELER, AG	Warburg	D
SUSPA HOLDING	Sulzbach-Rosenberg	D
IPM, GMBH	Bornheim	D
BPW GMBH & CO.KG	Paderborn	D
TRW FAHRWERKSYSTEME, GMBH	Düsseldorf	D
TENNECO WALKER	Birmingham	GB
AGROCOOP FRANCE	Paris	F
CDT SRL	Imola	I
GEORG FISCHER DISA, AG	Schaffhausen	CH
SABEX	Durban	JAR
RIDGE TOOL COMPANY	Cork	IRL
WHIRLPOOL SLOVAKIA a. s.	Poprad	SK
METALTRADE s. r. o.	Bratislava	SK
KINEX, a. s.	Bytča	SK



CERTIFICATE

The TÜV CERT Certification Body
of RWTÜV Anlagentechnik GmbH

hereby certifies in accordance with TÜV CERT
procedure that

METALSINT, a. s.
Nábrežie Oravy 625/12
026 17 Dolný Kubín
Slovak Republic

has established and applies a quality system for
Development, production and sales of powder metallurgy products

An audit was performed, Report No. 2.5-0015/1998
Proof has been furnished that the requirements according to
ISO 9001 : 1994 / EN ISO 9001 : 1994
are fulfilled. The certificate is valid until 14.12.2003
Certificate Registration No. 041008582
The company has been certified since 1998



RWTÜV

Essen 24.05.2001



SUPPLEMENTARY CERTIFICATE

The TÜV CERT Certification Body
of RWTÜV Anlagentechnik GmbH

VERBAND DER AUTOMOBILINDUSTRIE e.V. (VDA) / Cert. N° 0797

certifies in accordance with
TÜV CERT procedures that

METALSINT, a. s.
Nábrežie Oravy 625/17
026 17 Dolný Kubín
Slovak Republic

Producer of powder metallurgy products
for the Automotive Industry
applies a

quality system in accordance with VDA 6, Part 1
- material products -

without product development

This supplementary certificate is only valid in conjunction with TÜV CERT Certificate
Registration No. 041008582
It certifies that the QM System is additionally qualified on the basis of the fulfilment of the requirements of
VDA 6, Part 1 extending the requirements of EN ISO 9001:1994
Proof has been furnished within the framework of the certification audit, Report No. 2.5-0015/1998

This certificate is valid until 14.12.2003
Date of issue 24.10.2001



TÜV CERT
RWTÜV Anlagentechnik GmbH
Essen

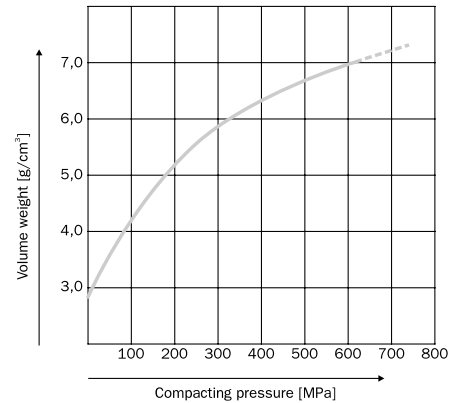
Structural PM components made from sintered metals

Powder Metallurgy offers the most effective route for producing structural components in a cost effective manner which would not be possible by conventional metallurgy. Sintered metals are each time more available for the use of the design engineers.

Manufacturing process:

The powder metal is placed in a high precision mould then compression moulded at room temperature in an automatic compacting machine. The compacted workpiece is placed in a sintering furnace where it is heated in a protection atmosphere at temperature below the melting point of the metals (80-90 per cent of melting point).

In order to increase the dimensional precision components go through post processes such as sizing, machining, heat treatment before completing the manufacturing process. The parts are finally oil impregnated for lubrication.



Reached density in dependence on compacting pressure.

Precision of components

	dimensions	
	radial	axial
sized IT 7		up to 20 mm ± 0,10 over 20 mm ± 0,15
un-sized IT 8 – 10		up to 20 mm ± 0,10 over 20 mm ± 0,15

Post processes:

1. Machining

All kinds of machining are possible to use for sintered metal parts. When machining higher cutting speeds and light feed are generally recommended to use. Using hard metal tooling is of great advantage.

Cooling liquids are not recommended to use in spite of the fact that liquid residues remaining in pores could cause the corrosion.

Machined PM parts are recommended to be oil impregnated as soon as possible.

2. Heat treatment

The sintered metals are processed similar to the homogenous materials. Due to the porous character the sintered metal is of relatively low thermal conductivity what leads to the worse hardenability and low strength.

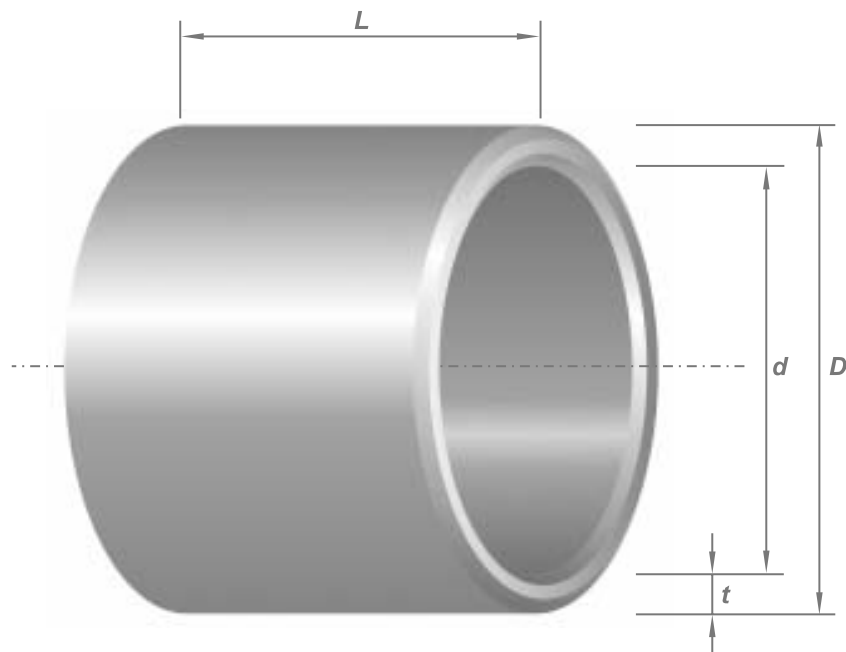
Therefore sintered metal parts are heat treated using the carbo-nitriding process in gas under the protective atmosphere. This hardening process enables to reach the surface strength of 30-50 HRC in dependence on the density.

3. Surface finishing

To give the sintered parts a good surface finish the parts are steam treated with following oil impregnation process. Common anti-corrosion treatments are possible but soaking with resin or copper infiltration is needed prior to coating. Electro - plating is found to be suitable for machined surface only.

Bronze self-lubricated porous bearings

Basic sizes of plain bearings



Technical information

Basic data	
Chemical content	C = 0,2 % max. Sn = 9–11 % max. Other elements = 2 % max. Cu = rest
Density	6,4 – 6,8 g/cm ³
Porosity	25 ± 2,5 %
Hardness	> 25 HB
Radial crush strength	> 120 MPa
Max. sliding velocity	6 m/s
Limit load at v = 0,15 m/s	8 MPa
Bearing capacity at v = 0,5 m.s ⁻¹	2,8 MPa
Bearing life	5 000 hours
Temperature operating range	-10 °C to +80 °C
Oil content	Wall thickness ≤ 4 mm min. 2,3 % of the mass
	Wall thickness > 4 mm min. 2,1 % of the mass

Lubrication

Self-lubricated bearings are impregnated with the oil PP80 (SAE 80). In special cases on customer request other lubricants can be used. A replenishment of oil should be carried out after 1000 hours of use or yearly. Bearings which are running submerged in oil or in oil splash will not require replenishment. Any application thought to be outside standard conditions should be referred to our Technical Department.

Storage

Self-lubricated bearings can be stored for considerable periods without deterioration or loss of oil are kept in a metal or other non-absorbent container or packing at room temperature. Overheating of the storage space could cause oil loss by vaporization, in that case re-oiling is necessary before fitting.

Some basic rules for users

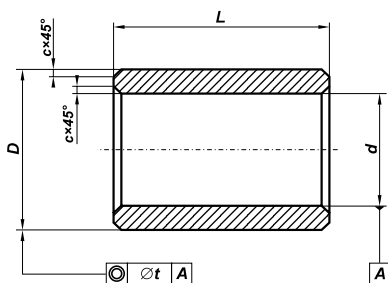
- Shaft clearance after fitting should be 0.002 – 0.004 of the shaft diameter
- Shaft journal should be fine grinded to roughness Ra 0.2
- Shaft hardness to be 60 HRc
- Machining of the inside diameter is not permissible because it may result in self-lubrication lost and bearing seizure
- Other surfaces of the bearings can be machined using usual machining techniques
- Re-oiling with oil PP80 is necessary after oil loss during storage or after machining of the bearing

Remark: Dimensional or material deviations are possible and the manufacturer would be pleased to quote for your specific requirements.

Self-lubricated porous bearings

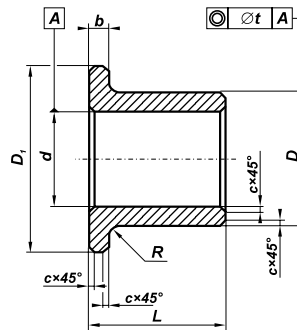
Parameter	unit	self-lubricated bearings		
		iron	bronze	
Chemical content	%	C = 0.2 max.	C = 0.2 max.	C = 0,5 – 2
		Others = 2 max.	Sn = 9 – 11	
		Fe = the rest	Others = 2 max.	
			Cu = the rest	
Density	g/cm ³	5,6 to 6,2	6,4 – 6,8	6,0 – 6,5
Porosity	%	23,5 ± 2,5	25 ± 2,5	
Hardness	HB	min. 25	min. 25	min. 20
Radial crush strength	MPa	min. 150	min. 120	min. 100
Max. sliding velocity	m.s ⁻¹	3	6	
Limit load at v = 0.15 m/s	MPa	8	8	
Bearing capacity at v = 0.5 m/s	MPa	2,8	3,2	
Bearing life	hours	max. 6000	max. 5000	
Temperature operating range	°C	-10 to 80	-10 to 80	
Oil content:				
wall thickness ≤ 4 mm	% G	min. 2.4	min. 2.3	
wall thickness > 4 mm	% G	min. 2.3	min. 2.1	

Available types of self-lubricating bearings



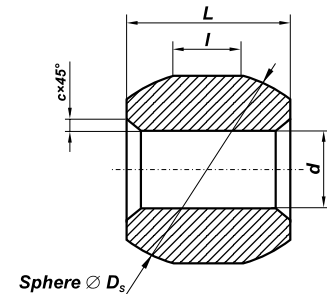
A type

Plain bearing



B type

Flange bearing



C type

Spherical bearing

Dimension tolerance field for both types A + B		
d	≤ 40	G7
	> 40	G8
D	≤ 50	r7
	> 50	r8
t	≤ D50	IT8
	> D50	IT9
L		js13

For fitted bore H7

Dimension tolerance field for C type	
ID	H7
Ds	h11
L	js13

For spherical hole diameter in housing H10 or G10

Marking and ordering

Bearings of **A** type are marked:

A $\varnothing d / \varnothing D \times L$ – SZO
– SBO

Bearings of **B** and **C** type are marked:

B or C $\varnothing d$ – SZO + drawing
– SBO + drawing

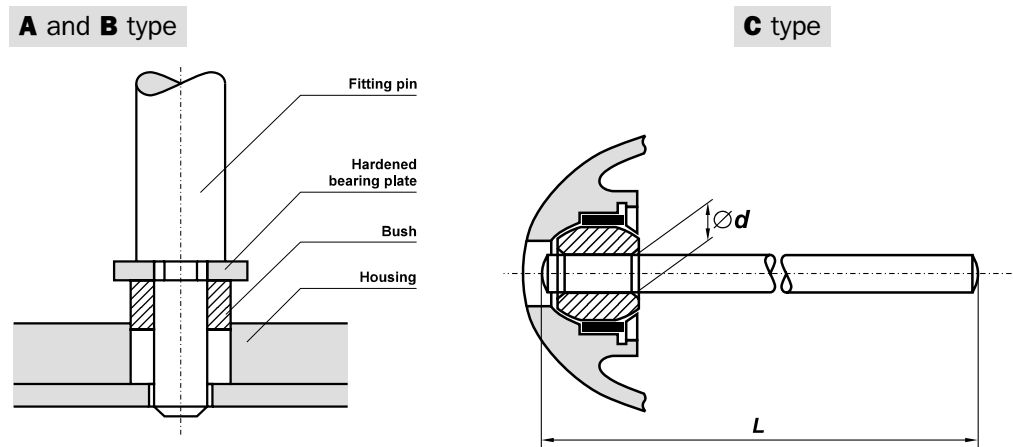
Footnote:

$\varnothing d$ = ID = inside diameter
 $\varnothing D$ = OD = outside diameter
L = bearing length
SZO = sintered iron – oiled
SBO = sintered bronze – oiled

Lubrication

Self-lubricated bearings are impregnated with the oil PP80 (SAE 80). In special cases on customer request other lubricants can be used. A replenishment of oil should be carried out after 1000 hours of use or yearly. Bearings which are running submerged in oil or in oil splash will not require replenishment. Any application thought to be outside standard conditions should be referred to our Technical Department.

Fitting



Storage

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Sintered metal filters

Sintered metal filters are characterized by their porosity. The sintered filtering material produced via Powder Metallurgy techniques have wide and variety applications and is in an advantageous competitive position against the traditional filtering material.

Mechanical and physical properties are controllable with the chemical content, grain size of the used powder and both temperature and time of sintering.

Sintered metal filters are produced from metal powders. The basic material properties of sintered metal filters are: porosity, filterability and filter throughflow.

Quality and application features:

- controlled accuracy of pore sizes
- mechanical strength (tensile strength of 30 MPa, bending strength of 60 MPa)
- applicability at higher temperatures and temperature variations (up to 200 °C)
- corrosion resistance in aggressive environment
- possibility of metallic bonding of individual units (soldering and glueing)
- possibility of moulding the filter to almost any conceivable shape

Type	Porosity %	Throughflow (ml/cm ² /min.) at pressure 1 at)			Filterability (µm)
		for Nitrogen	for petroleum	for water (30 torr)	
SINT AISI 316B □ 38 – 50 × 4 0,2 – 1 × pressed	29	830		314	18 – 22
SINT AISI 316B □ 38 – 50 × 4 0,2 – double pressed	25	860		400	16 – 20
SINT AISI 316B □ 38 × 6 0,04	60	730		290	15
Bronze filters with different grain sizes	40		170 – 290		18 – 120

Material group	Grain size of powder in mm	Filterability in microns
A	0,045 – 0,063	5
B	0,063 – 0,16	10
C	0,16 – 0,315	25
D	0,015 – 0,63	55
E	0,63 – 1,00	100

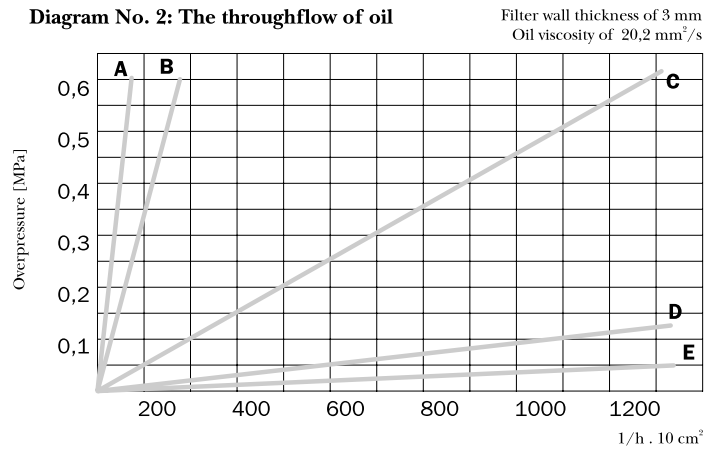
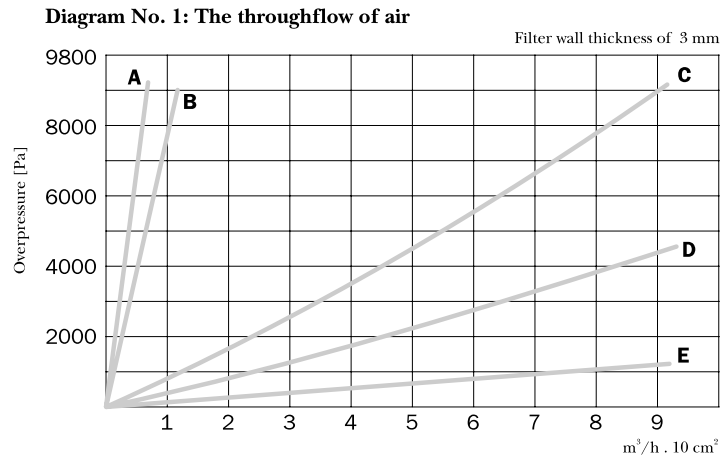
Filterability:

gives the size of the smallest particles that are caught on the metal filter.

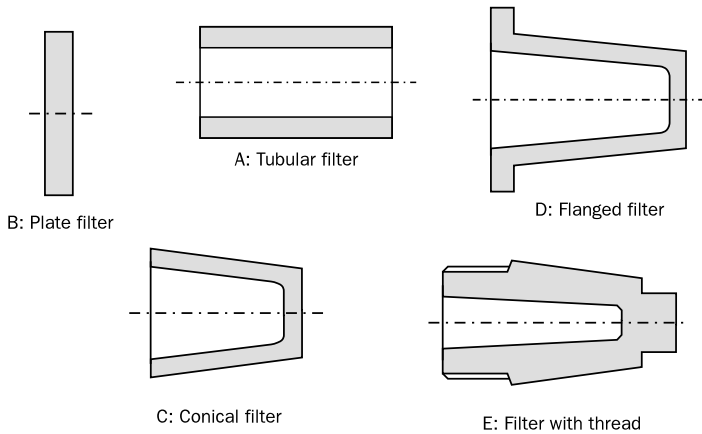
Throughflow:

gives the resistance of the metal filter to the flow of the filtered liquid.

The examples of the throughflow of the air and the oil are illustrated in the Diagrams 1 and 2.



The shapes of common produced filters:





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